

Reading and Phonetics: Articulation

LEVEL 2: Vocabulary-Building

An early reading program for students, parents,
and teachers new to articulatory phonetics

Cheri Montgomery

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PREFACE

Reading and Phonetics: Articulation is the speech-support version of an early reading and phonetics program. Level 1 introduces the spellings and sounds of single-syllable words. Level 2 expands the vocabulary of single-syllable words, includes words with diphthongs, and provides additional opportunities for transcription. Level 3 extends the instruction to include words with multiple syllables. Together, these workbooks provide the activities and homework assignments needed to help the beginning reader.

Individual learning needs are supported through four parallel workbooks designed for students, parents, and teachers who are new to:

- braille
- manual signing and lipreading
- English language learning
- articulatory phonetics

Units in the level 2 versions contain rules for converting spellings into phonetic symbols, teacher-led group exercises, and 12 word lists for individual assignment. Supplemental materials are accessible via QR codes that link to spoken examples of the word lists. In place of audio, the manual signing and lipreading version contains images of vowel and consonant formations. In place of lengthy descriptions, the ELL version contains rules written in formulas with concepts communicated using images. Images are also used to define words from the group and homework assignments.

The resources needed to establish rules and create exercises originated from research developed for the publication of the *Lyric Diction Workbook Series* and the *IPA Scramble* game app by Cheri Montgomery. Computer search functions and her database of more than 87,000 English words were used to organize the spellings of the English language. Words from the database were arranged in order of frequency of occurrence. The words were placed in a graded order and categorized according to the sounds of the English language as defined by the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA). A simplified version of the IPA was created for this series. A conversion chart is located on the following page.

This text follows the Moore teaching model. The Moore Method is an interactive approach to instruction designed by Robert Lee Moore, a famous topologist who first used the method at the University of Pennsylvania in 1911. His methodology engages students in the learning process by giving each class member the opportunity to present homework assignments.

Class meetings follow a daily routine. Class begins with each student presenting homework that corresponds with their assigned number(s). Students' written work can be shared using a document camera. The teacher introduces new material in a brief lecture and leads the class in a written and spoken (or sung) group exercise.

Flip this process to double the activities: pass out dry erase boards with markers numbered 1-12. Have each student complete the word list associated with their marker number. Ask students to read and spell the transcriptions. This converts the phonetic exercise into an English reading and spelling exercise.

Grading is simple. Each student begins with a 100 average. Five points would be deducted each time a student fails to present their homework. One or two extra credit opportunities could be offered throughout the grading period so that students could redeem points.

Reading and Phonetics was created to simplify English language learning and make it accessible to students with diverse learning needs. Grading is simplified as well. The recognition of English spellings with accurate pronunciation is assessed during in-class presentations. No outside grading is needed.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Cheri Montgomery is an author and lecturer on the topics of voice and diction. She teaches voice and English, Italian, German, French, Latin, Spanish, and Russian lyric diction at the Blair School of Music at Vanderbilt University. Her series of workbooks with book reviews and published articles is available at www.stmpublishers.com.

Phonetic Conversion Chart								
IPA	Simplified	Example	IPA	Simplified	Example	IPA	Simplified	Example
[æ]	[a]	h <u>at</u>	[k ^h]	[k]	c <u>ake</u>	[θ]	[th]	<u>th</u> ing
[ɑ]	[A]	f <u>at</u> her	[l]	[l]	l <u>itt</u> le	[ð]	[Th]	<u>th</u> is
[b ^h]	[b]	<u>b</u> aby	[m]	[m]	<u>m</u> eme	[u]	[u]	mo <u>o</u> n
[tʃ]	[tS]	<u>ch</u> air	[n]	[n]	<u>n</u> ote	[ʊ]	[U]	bo <u>o</u> k
[d ^h]	[d]	<u>d</u> ance	[ŋ]	[N]	s <u>ing</u>	[ʌ]	[x]	<u>u</u> p
[ɛ]	[E]	be <u>d</u>	[ɔ]	[O]	<u>ou</u> ght	[v]	[v]	<u>v</u> ase
[f]	[f]	<u>f</u> ig	[p ^h]	[p]	<u>p</u> in	[w]	[w]	<u>w</u> in
[g ^h]	[g]	<u>g</u> ood	[ɹ]	[r]	<u>r</u> ing	[j]	[j]	<u>y</u> es
[h]	[h]	<u>h</u> ear <u>t</u>	[ɜ]	[R]	<u>e</u> ar <u>th</u>	[z]	[z]	<u>z</u> oo
[i]	[i]	se <u>a</u> t	[s]	[s]	<u>c</u> ea <u>s</u> e	[ʒ]	[Z]	be <u>i</u> ge
[ɪ]	[I]	f <u>i</u> t	[ʃ]	[S]	<u>sh</u> irt	stress: [']	[']	be'lieve
[dʒ]	[dZ]	ju <u>d</u> ge	[t ^h]	[t]	<u>t</u> ime	glottal: [ʔ]	[ʔ]	I, ever

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Single syllable words with monophthongs			
	Introduction	Instructional tools	2
		Pronunciation guide	3
		Group exercise	6
		Terms	7
1	English spellings: <i>a, i, b, p, d, t, g, k, c</i>	Transcription rules	10
		Group exercise	10
		Individual exercises	11
2	English spellings: <i>s</i> and <i>x</i>	Transcription rules	16
		Group exercise	16
		Individual exercises	17
3	English spellings: <i>z</i> and <i>s</i> as [z]	Transcription rules	22
		Group exercise	22
		Individual exercises	23
4	English spellings: <i>l</i> and <i>r</i>	Transcription rules	28
		Group exercise	28
		Individual exercises	29
5	English spelling: <i>e</i> as [i]	Transcription rules	34
		Group exercise	34
		Individual exercises	35
6	English spellings: <i>e</i> as [E], and silent <i>e</i>	Transcription rules	40
		Group exercise	40
		Individual exercises	41
7	English spellings: <i>w, gu, and qu</i>	Transcription rules	46
		Group exercise	46
		Individual exercises	47
8	English spellings: <i>f</i> and <i>v</i>	Transcription rules	52
		Group exercise	52
		Individual exercises	53
9	English spelling: initial vowel words	Transcription rules	58
		Group exercise	58
		Individual exercises	59
10	English spellings: <i>o</i> and <i>a</i> as [O]	Transcription rules	64
		Group exercise	64
		Individual exercises	65

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
11	English spellings: <i>oo, ou, ew, u, o</i> as [u]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	70 70 71
12	English spellings: <i>y, u, ew</i> as [j]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	76 76 77
13	English spellings: exception words with [U] pronunciation	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	82 82 83
14	English spelling: <i>u</i> as [x]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	88 88 89
15	English spellings: <i>a</i> and <i>o</i> as [A]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	94 94 95
16	English spelling: vowel + <i>r</i> as [R]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	100 100 101
17	English spellings: <i>h, ch, gh, ph, wh</i>	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	106 107 107
18	English spelling: <i>th</i>	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	112 112 113
19	English spellings: <i>sh</i> and <i>ch</i>	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	118 118 119
20	English spellings: <i>g</i> and <i>j</i>	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	124 124 125
21	English spellings: <i>ng</i> and <i>nc</i>	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	130 130 131

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Single syllable words with diphthongs			
22	English spellings: <i>i</i> and <i>y</i> as [AI]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	138 138 139
23	English spellings: <i>i</i> and <i>y</i> as [AI] continued	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	144 144 145
24	English spellings: <i>a</i> and <i>e</i> as [EI]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	150 150 151
25	English spellings: <i>o</i> , <i>ow</i> , and <i>oa</i> as [oU]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	158 158 159
26	English spellings: <i>ou</i> and <i>ow</i> as [AU]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	166 166 167
27	English spellings: <i>oi</i> and <i>oy</i> as [OI]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	172 172 173
28	English spellings: vowel clusters with [R]	Transcription rules Group exercise Individual exercises	178 179 179
Optional assignment		Words of wisdom	185
Appendix: review of rules			189
Answer key			193
Bibliography			226

Introduction

<u>TOPIC</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Instructional tools	2
Pronunciation guide	3
Group exercise	6
Terms	7



Link available with purchase

INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS

The International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) was created by phoneticians for language study. Each symbol stands for one unit of sound. Brackets enclose the symbols and distinguish phonetic content from the spellings of words. This series uses a simplified phonetic system that is accessible to those who sign or read braille. It is also beneficial for those new to English as it uses only uppercase and lowercase letters. A conversion chart is located on page vi.

Studying phonetic transcription is an efficient way to learn a language. Students discover proper pronunciation while learning the spellings of English. Numerous sight words are not necessary.

The following introduction provides an index to all speech sounds of the English language. Phonetic terms are located on pages 7 and 8.

Guide students through the introduction by pronouncing the words. Ensure that students who communicate using the manual alphabet can view your mouth formation. Have students repeat each word after your example. The sounds, accompanying English spellings, and phonetic symbols will be introduced incrementally throughout the text – the introduction simply exposes students to the sounds of the language. They may refer back to this section for a review of the phonetic symbols and sounds. A QR code link on the title page of each unit provides audio examples of each word.

The format of the exercises within allows all students to be engaged in the learning process. Encourage them (by example) to enjoy the language by singing the words. Singing is an excellent way to explore the sounds of a language. Singing slows down the articulatory process and gives the voice time to clarify the sounds. Model singing by intoning the words. There are always students who would love to join in and share their beautiful voices with the class.

The first class meeting is unique in that it is teacher-led. Students lead class for all units that follow. A daily routine is recommended:

1. Have students present a uniquely assigned word list in front of the class (word lists are numbered 1-12). They may speak or sing their word list. Use a document camera to share the students' phonetic transcriptions. The class should observe the presentations and use the workbook to transcribe their classmates' word lists.
2. Introduce new rules in a brief lecture.
3. Lead the class in a group transcription exercise. An answer key is located in the teacher's manual on page 193.

This workbook is ideal for those acquiring clear speech. The sounds of each word are depicted using a side-view image of the vocal tract. Voiced consonants are indicated with a sound bar, nasal consonants are indicated with a lowered soft palate, lip and tongue formations are indicated with intricate detail. Students are instructed to trace the flow of air through each formation.

ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES

Phonetic exercises facilitate multiple group-engaging activities. Word lists can be distributed as board work. The students can then read the board work (phonetic symbols) and provide English spellings. This flips the activity into a spelling challenge. Do not correct the board work. Encourage students to read the words as they are transcribed and allow them point out errors as they are identified.

This series was designed to help students enjoy the sounds of the English language. They will quickly discover that homework assignments are reminiscent of word games. Once they learn the sounds and associated symbols, they will be ready to play word games such as IPA Scramble. Large playing cards are available on the S.T.M. Publishers website at www.teamphontics.com.

PRONUNCIATION GUIDE

FRONT VOWELS

[i]	tree [tri]	leaf [lif]	sleep [slip]
[I]	hill [hIl]	mitt [mIt]	wind [wInd]
[E]	thread [thrEd]	nest [nEst]	bread [brEd]

BACK VOWELS

[u]	moon [mun]	fruit [frut]	school [skul]
[U]	wood [wUd]	foot [fUt]	book [bUk]
[O]	walk [wOk]	thought [thOt]	corn [kOrn]

CENTRAL VOWELS

[a]	hand [hand]	lamb [lam]	cat [kat]
[A]	heart [hArt]	rock [rAk]	stop [stAp]
[x]	sun [sxn]	dove [dxv]	won [wxn]
[R]	nurse [nRs]	bird [bRd]	world [wRld]

BILABIAL CONSONANTS

[p]	pin [pIn]	palm [pAm]
[b]	bed [bEd]	bag [bag]

LABIODENTAL CONSONANTS

[f]	fan [fan]	flag [flag]
[v]	vest [vEst]	glove [glxv]

DENTAL CONSONANTS

[th]	tooth [tuth]	wealth [wElth]
[Th]	this [ThIs]	breathe [briTh]

*ALVEOLAR CONSONANTS

[t]	tea [ti]	tent [tEnt]
[d]	dart [dArt]	drink [drINk]
[l]	lamp [lamp]	wheel [wil]

*Consonants *d*, *t*, *l*, and *r* are classified as dental in the Romance languages – the tongue tip touches the upper front teeth. The tongue tip touches the alveolar ridge for *d*, *t*, *l*, *r* in English.

ALVEOLAR CONSONANTS

[r]	ring [rIN]	roof [ruf]
[n]	noon [nun]	knee [ni]
[s]	street [strit]	swan [swAn]
[z]	zoo [zu]	news [njuz]

PREPALATAL CONSONANTS

[S]	sheep [Sip]	fish [fIS]
[Z]	rouge [ruZ]	liege [liZ]
[tS]	chart [tSArt]	church [tSRtS]
[dZ]	judge [dZxdZ]	jar [dZAr]

VELAR CONSONANTS

[k]	cup [kxp]	key [ki]
[g]	gum [gxm]	dog [dAg]
[ŋ]	swing [swIN]	wink [wINk]

GLOTTAL CONSONANTS

[h]

hat

harp

[hat]

[hArp]

[ʔ]

arm

eggs

[ʔArm]

[ʔEgz]

Consonant and vowel terms are defined throughout this text. All terms are defined on pages 7-8.

Group Exercise

Every word contains a vowel. Vowels are long. Consonants are short. Consonants introduce the vowel or end a word or syllable. Circle the five vowels in the following list of English letters:

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn

Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

Back vowels. Circle the two vowels that are formed by rounding the lips:



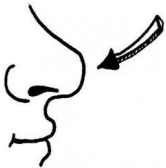
Aa Ee Ii Oo Uu

Front vowels. Circle the two vowels that are formed by spreading the lips:



Aa Ee Ii Oo Uu

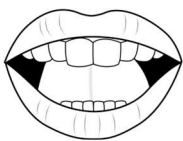
Nasal consonants. Circle the two consonant sounds that have a nasal quality:



Bb Cc Dd Ff Gg Hh Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn

Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

Tongue tip consonants. Circle eight consonants that are formed by lifting the tongue tip:



Bb Cc Dd Ff Gg Hh Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn

Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

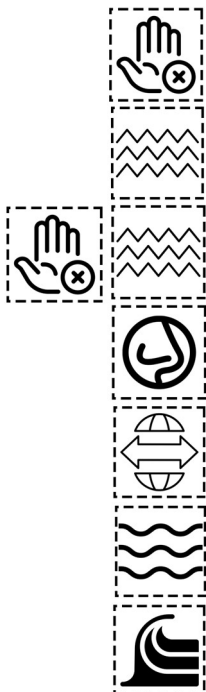
Classification of Symbols: Consonants



Voicing
Voiced. A voiced consonant engages the voice and can be sung. They are in bold below.
Voiceless. A voiceless consonant does not engage the voice and can only be whispered.



Points of Articulation	Phonetics
Bilabial [bAI'IEIbIU] Refers to the lips	[b] [p] [m] [w]
Labiodental [IEIbIo'dEntU] Involves the lower lip and the upper front teeth	[v] [f]
Dental ['dEntU] Involves the tip of the tongue and the back of the front teeth	[Th] [th]
Alveolar [?'al'violR] Involves the tip of the tongue and the ridge behind the upper teeth	[d] [t] [z] [s] [l] [n] [r]
Prepalatal [prI'palItU] Involves the tip of tongue and the front of the hard palate	[Z] [S] [dZ] [tS]
Palatal ['palItU] Involves a front arch of the tongue and the hard palate	[j]
Velar ['vilR] Involves the back of the tongue and the soft palate	[g] [k] [ŋ]
Glottal ['glAtU] Involves the air flow and the opening between the vocal cords	[ʔ] [h]

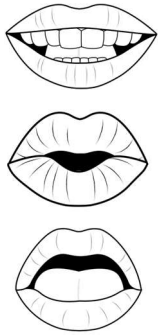


Manner of Articulation	Phonetics
Plosive ['ploUsIv] Stop [stAp] A momentary closure of the air flow passage	[b] [p] [d] [t] [g] [k] [ʔ]
Fricative ['frIkxtIv] Produced by directing the air flow past a set of articulators	[v] [f] [z] [s] [Z] [S] [h] [Th] [th]
Affricate [?'afrIkIt] A stop that is followed by a fricative	[dZ] [tS]
Nasal ['nEIzU] Produced by directing vocalized tone through the nasal passages	[m] [n] [ŋ]
Lateral ['latRU] Produced by directing vocalized tone over the sides of the tongue	[l]
Glide [glAIId] Produced by directing the tone past a set of articulators without friction	[w] [j]
Retroflex ['rEtroflEks] Produced with tongue tip curled up	[ɻ]

Classification of Symbols: Vowels



Quality	Phonetics
Closed Formed with less space between the tongue arch and the roof of mouth	[i] [u] [o]
Open Formed with more space between the tongue arch and the roof of mouth	[I] [E] [U] [O] [a] [A] [x]



Peak of Tongue Arch	Phonetics
Front The front of the tongue arches with tongue tip touching lower front teeth	[i] [I] [E]
Back The back of the tongue arches with tongue tip touching lower front teeth	[u] [U] [o] [O]
Central The tongue arch maintains a low position, the tip touches lower front teeth	[a] [A] [x]

Articulatory Formation of Phonetic Symbols

a [a]	a [A]	b [b]	c	ch [tS]	d [d]	e [E]	f [f]	g [g]	g [dZ]	h [h]	i [i]	i [I]
j [j]	k [k]	l [l]	m [m]	n [n]	n [N]	o [o]	o [O]	p [p]	q	q/c [k]	r [r]	r [R]
s [s]	s [S]	t [t]	u [u]	u [U]	v [v]	w [w]	x [x]	y	z [z]	z [Z]	[']	[?]

Image Key

The midsagittal (side-view) images created for this text contain intricate detail. The lips may be rounded or unrounded, positioned together or apart, to indicate various vowel or consonant formations. The soft palate may be lowered or elevated to indicate nasal or oral airflow. The tongue tip may draw near or contact the teeth or alveolar ridge for various consonant formations. The tongue may arch toward the front or back of the mouth in varying degrees, with or without a furrow, for particular vowel formations. The voice may be engaged or silent during articulation.

Voiced consonants are indicated by a sound bar and two jagged vocal fold lines. Voiceless consonants are indicated by two straight vocal fold lines. A large-scale version of the vocal tract is provided for each formation on the instructional pages. Trace the flow of air, paying close attention to the position of the lips, tongue tip, tongue arch, tongue sides, soft palate, and voicing.

UNIT 1:

English Spellings: *a, i, b, p, d, t, g, k, c*

<u>TOPIC</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Transcription rules	10
Group exercise	10
Individual exercises	11
Answer key	194



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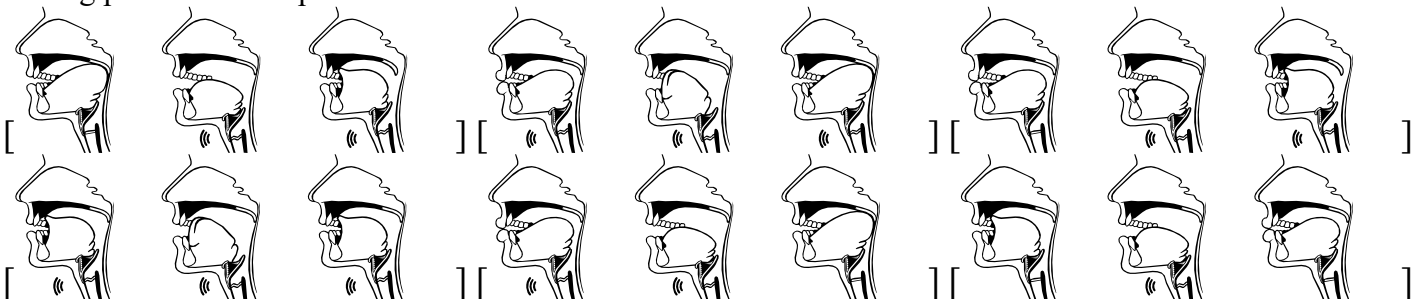
UNIT 1: Transcription rules for *a, i, p, b, t, d, k, g, c*

SOUNDS	SPELLINGS & SYMBOLS		
	[a]	a = [a]	man [man] cat [kat]
	[ɪ]	i, y, ui = [ɪ]	win [wɪn] hymn [hɪm] build [bɪld]
	[p]	p, pp = [p]	pin [pɪn]
	[b]	b, bb = [b] (mb = [m])	bib [bɪb]
	[t]	t, tt = [t]	tan [tan]
	[d]	d, dd = [d]	dad [dad]
	[k]	c, k, ck = [k] (kn = [n])	kick [kɪk]
	[g]	g, gg = [g] (gn = [n])	give [gɪv]

Note. The consonants above are classified as aspirate. A puff of air is released with the consonant articulation.

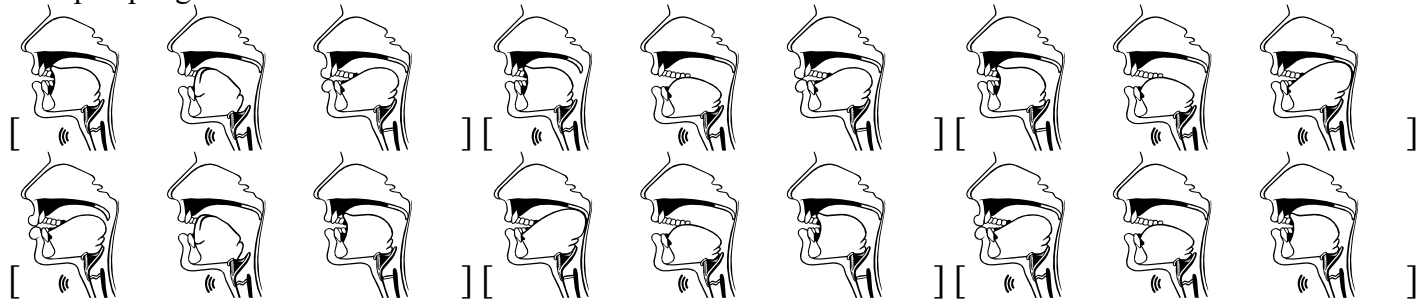
Group Exercise: Place the correct phonetic symbol in front of each formation. Trace the airflow pathway.

can big pan did back tap

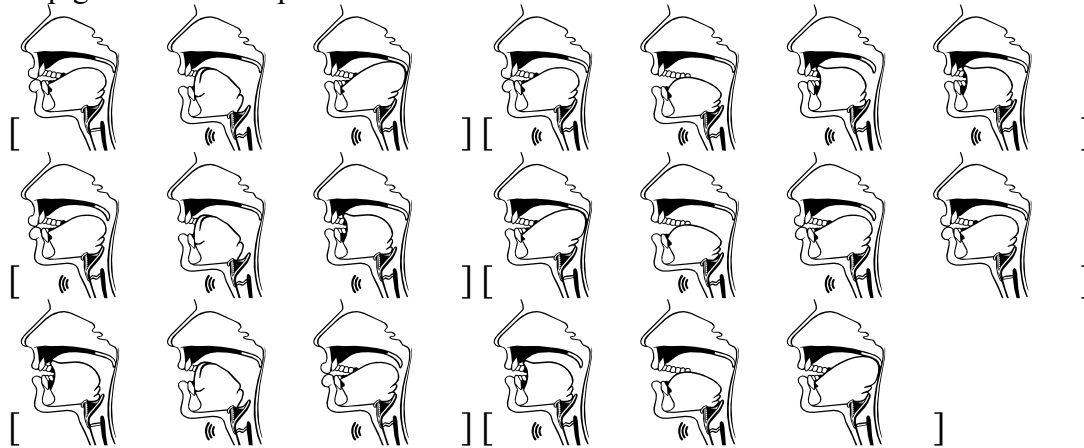


WORKSHEET #1: *a, i, p, b, t, d, k, g, c*

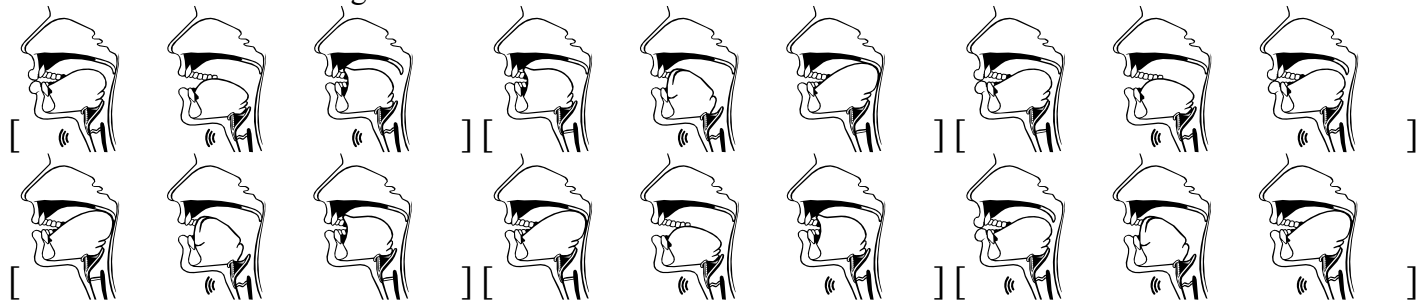
#1 dip nap tag mitt cat bad



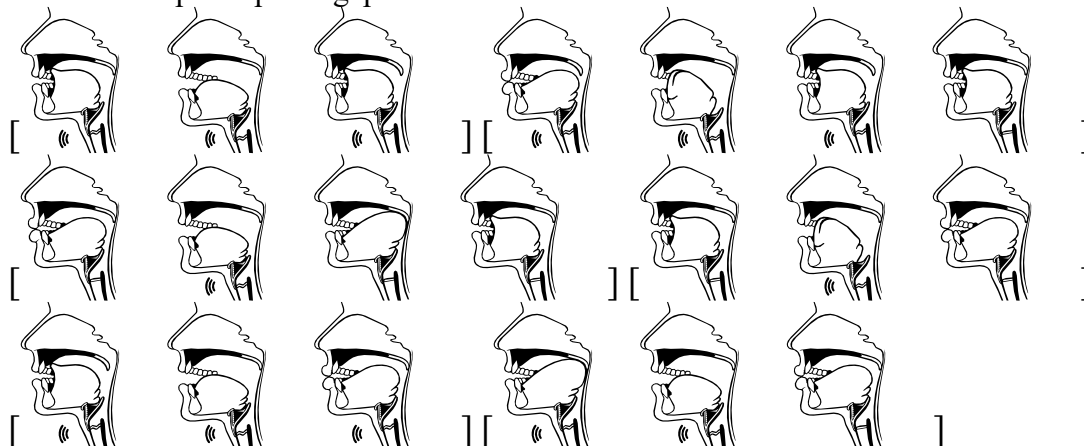
#2 pig band mid camp Tim knack



#3 ban tick Pam kit cad mig

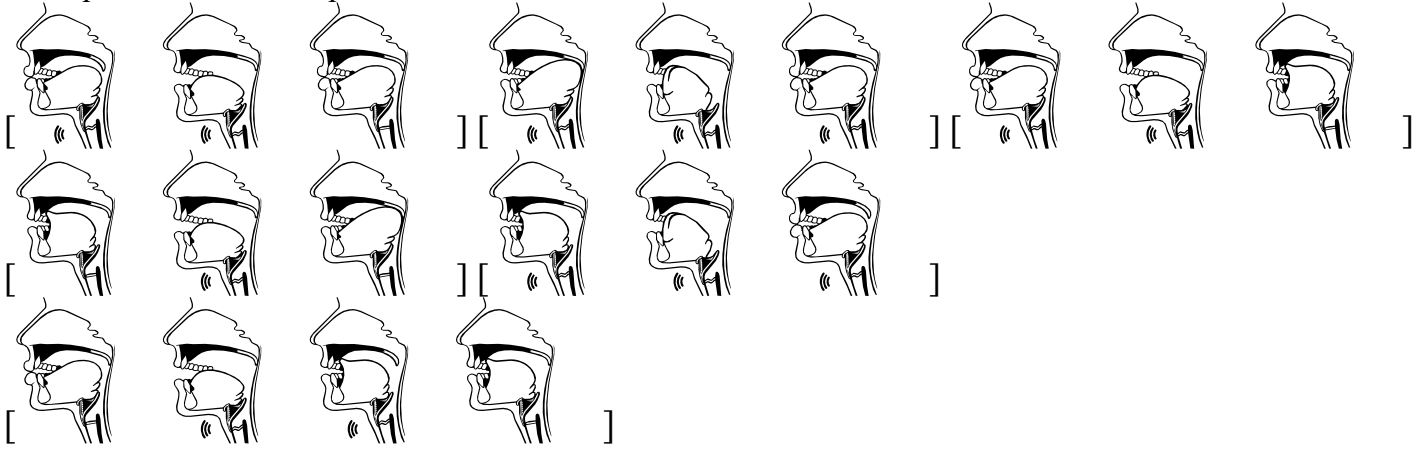


#4 Dan mint pact tip nab gap

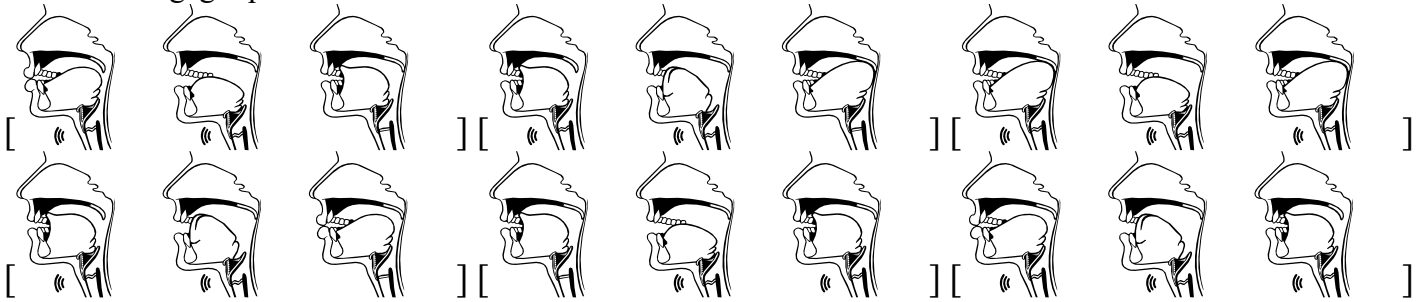


WORKSHEET #1: *a, i, p, b, t, d, k, g, c*

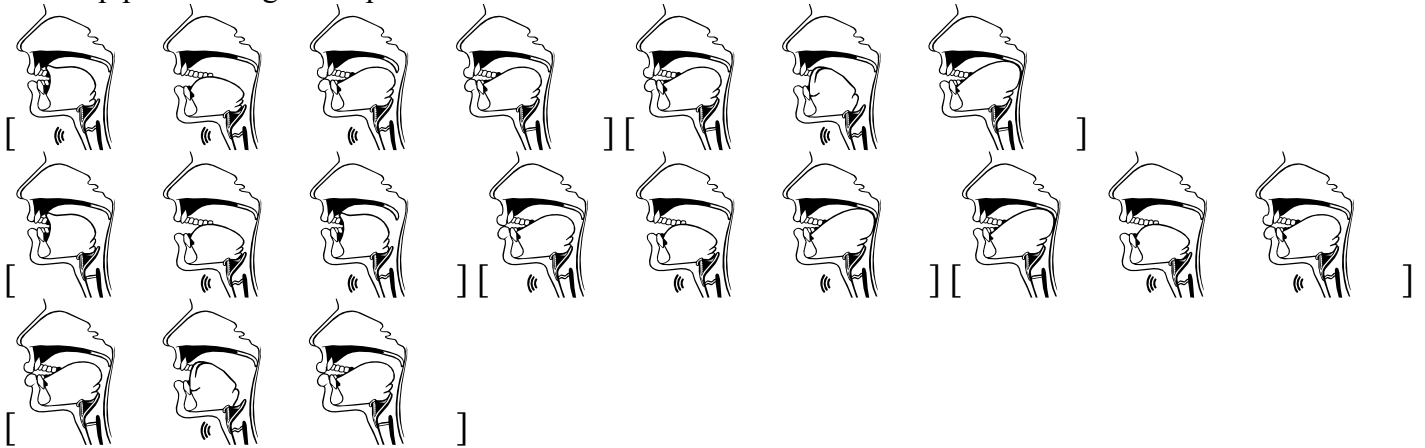
#5 map Gib bat tack dim pant



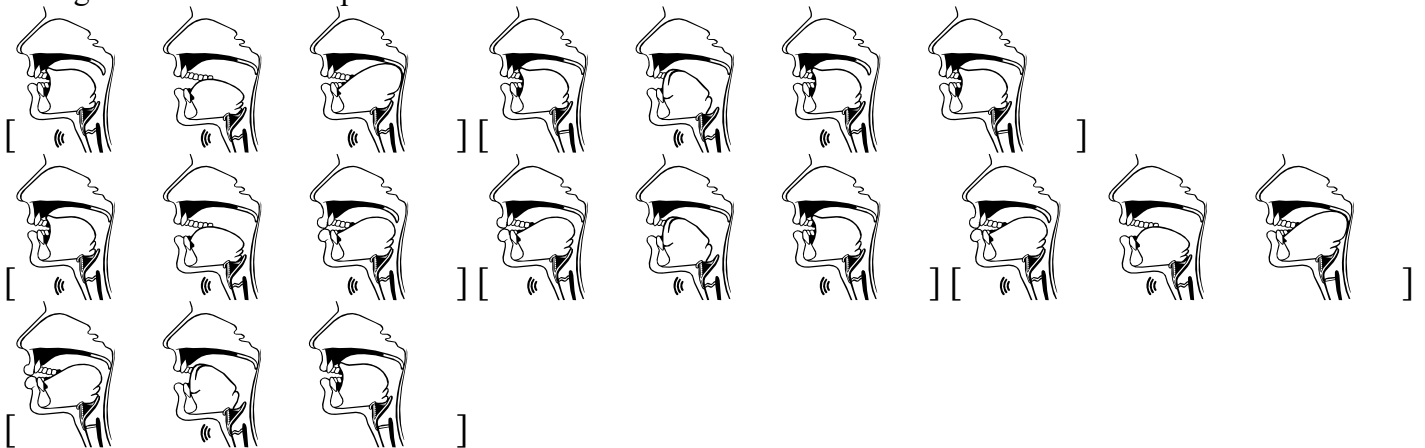
#6 mat Nick gag nip tad bin



#7 damp pick tan bag cab Pip

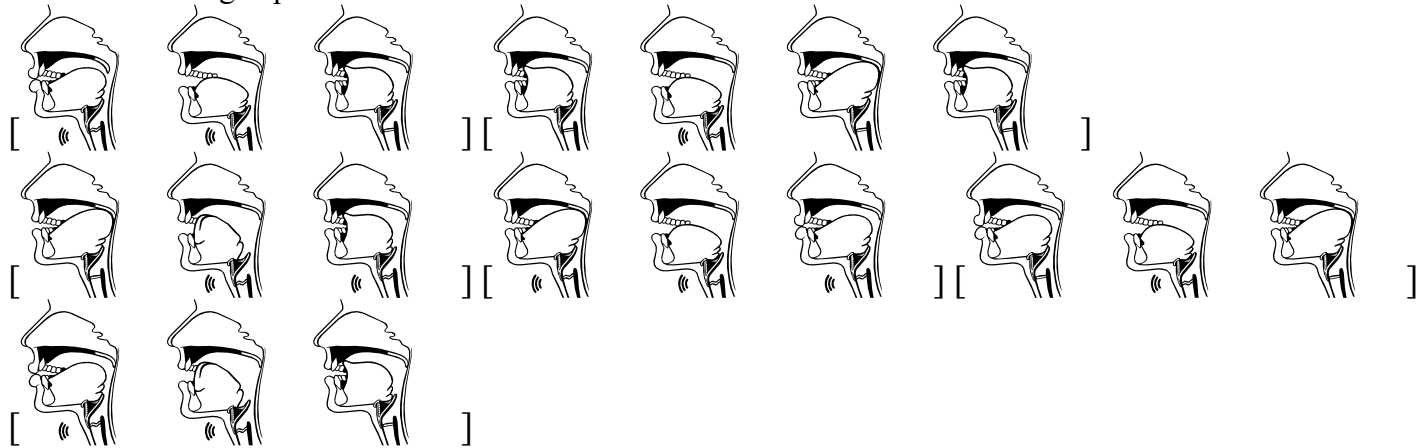


#8 nag tint dam bid Mack pit

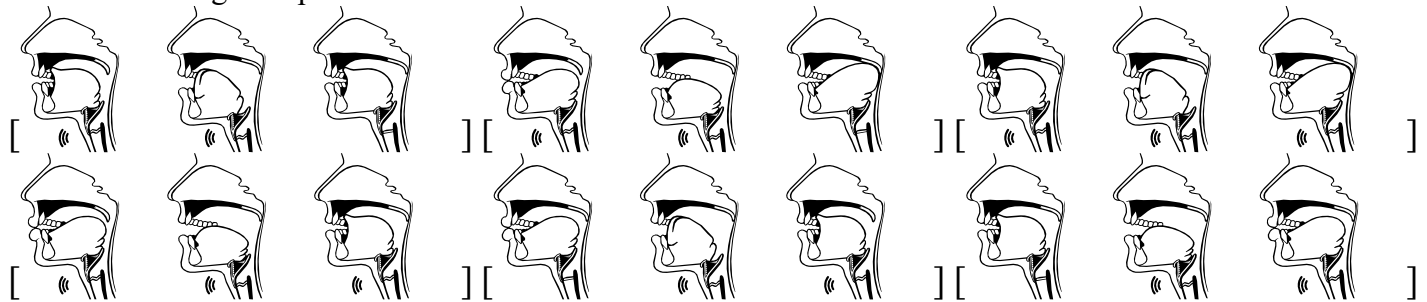


WORKSHEET #1: *a, i, p, b, t, d, k, g, c*

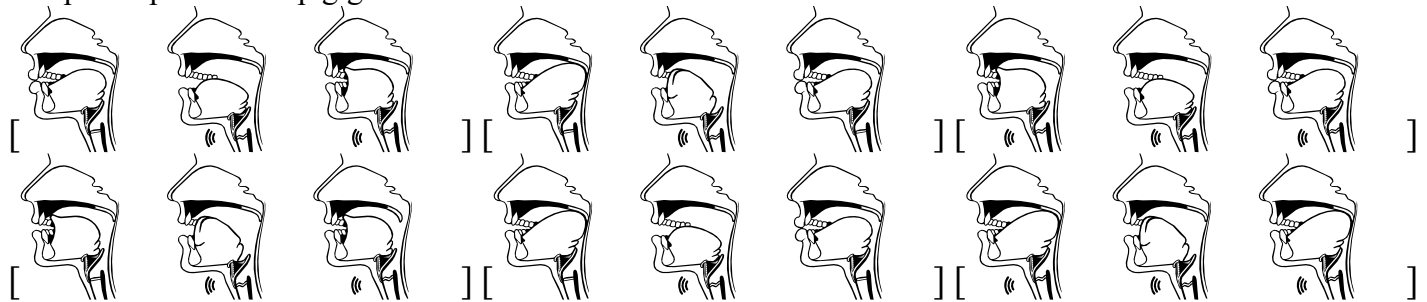
#9 Matt tact kid gab pack bit



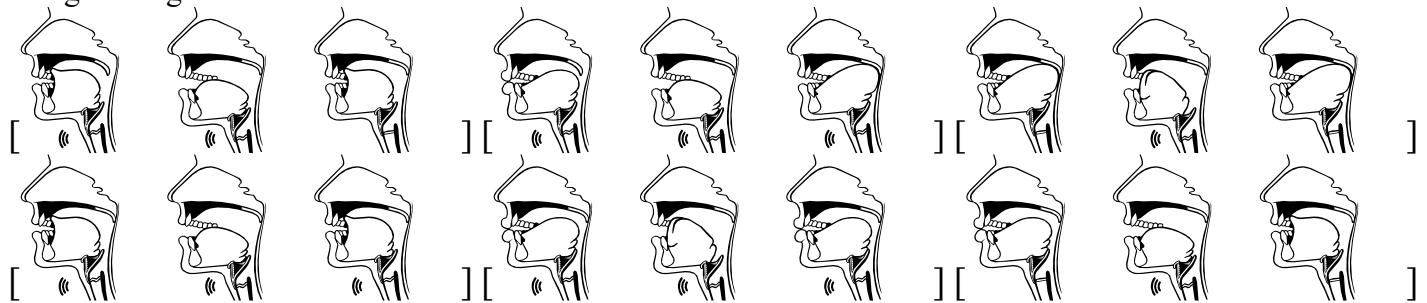
#10 knit Mac dig mad pin tab



#11 pad Kip dab tin cap gig



#12 gnat mag kick dad bib Pat



UNIT 2

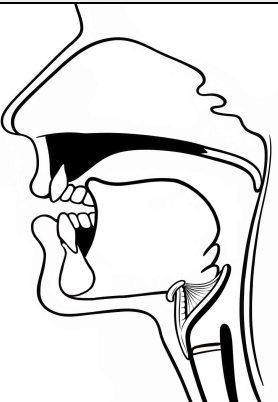
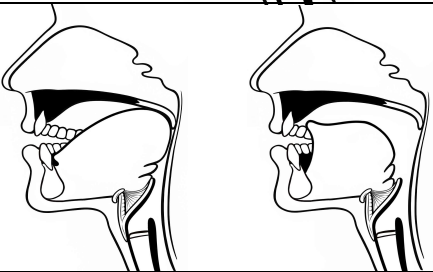
English Spellings: *s* and *x*

<u>TOPIC</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Transcription rules	16
Group exercise	16
Individual exercises	17
Answer key	195



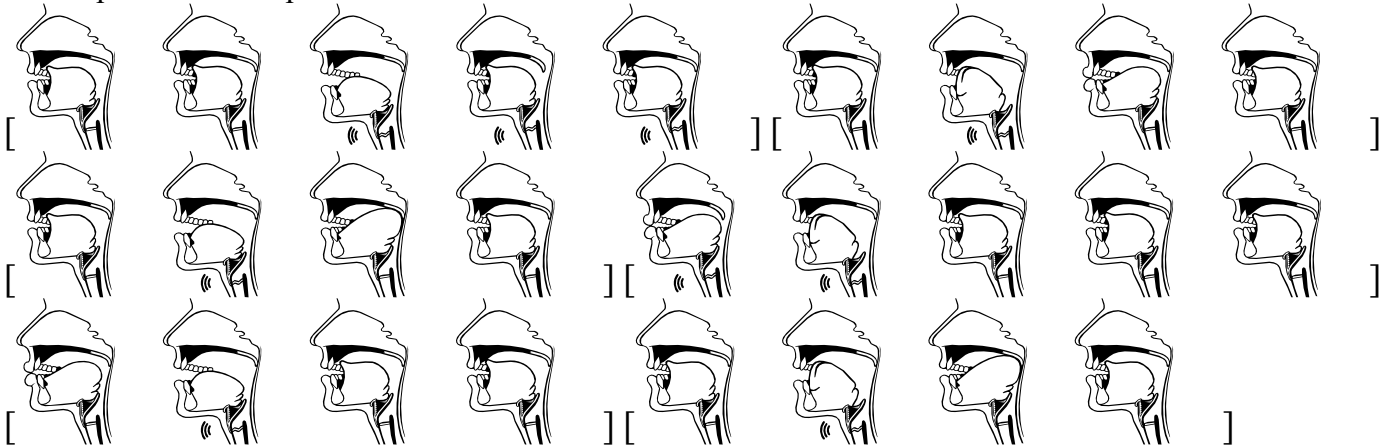
Link available with purchase

UNIT 2: Transcription rules for *s* and *x*

SOUNDS	SPELLINGS & SYMBOLS		
	<p>[s]</p>	<p>s, ss = [s]</p>	<p>sat [sat] bliss [blɪs]</p>
		<p>c + e = [s] c + i = [s]</p>	<p>peace [pi:s] cinch [sɪntʃ]</p>
	<p>[ks]</p>	<p>x = [ks]</p>	<p>next [nɛkst] box [bɒks]</p>

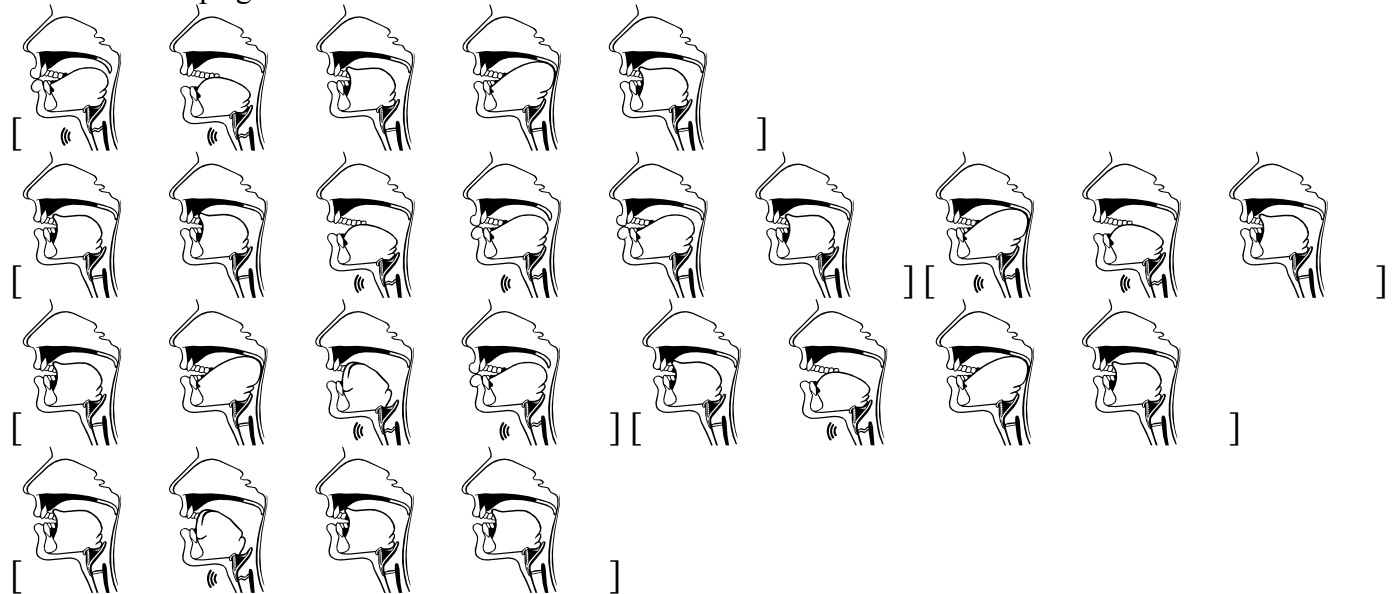
Group Exercise: Place the correct phonetic symbol in front of each formation. Trace the airflow pathway.

stand tips sacks mists past six

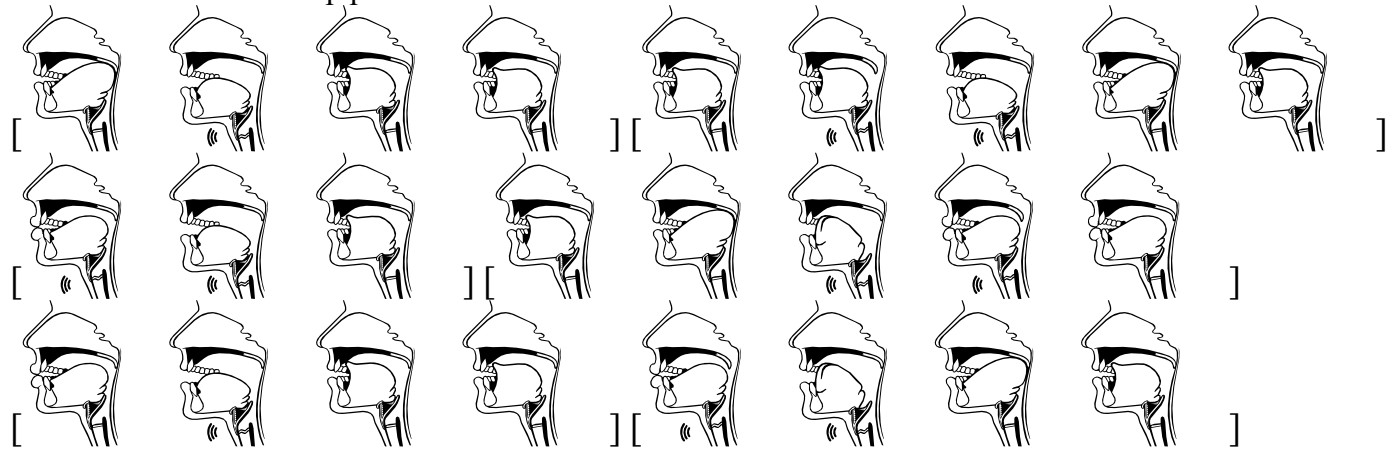


WORKSHEET #2: *s* and *x*

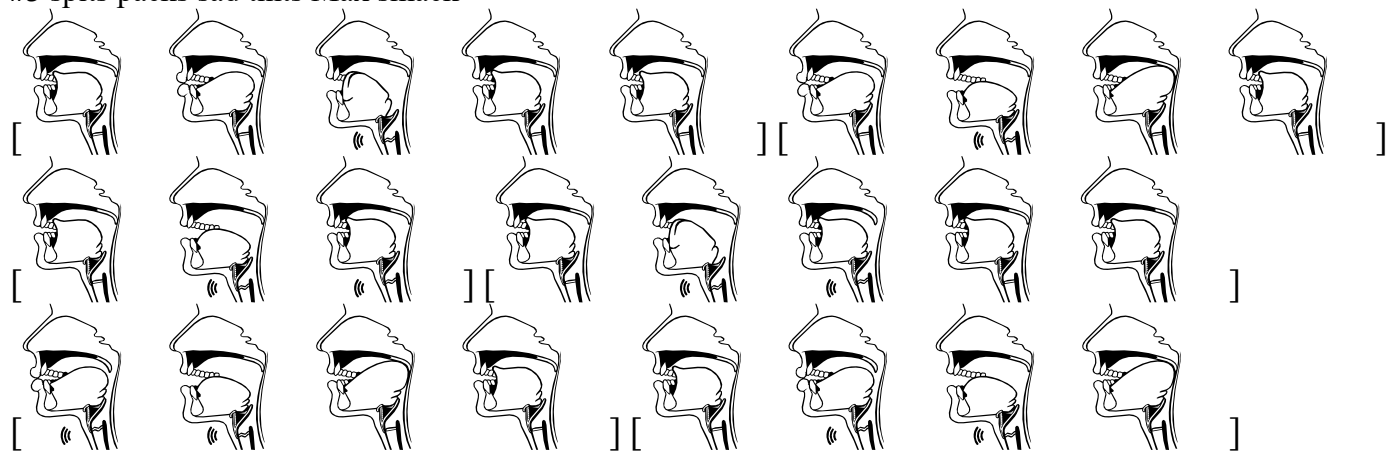
#1 masks stamps gas skim tax sits



#2 cats snacks bass skimp pats mix

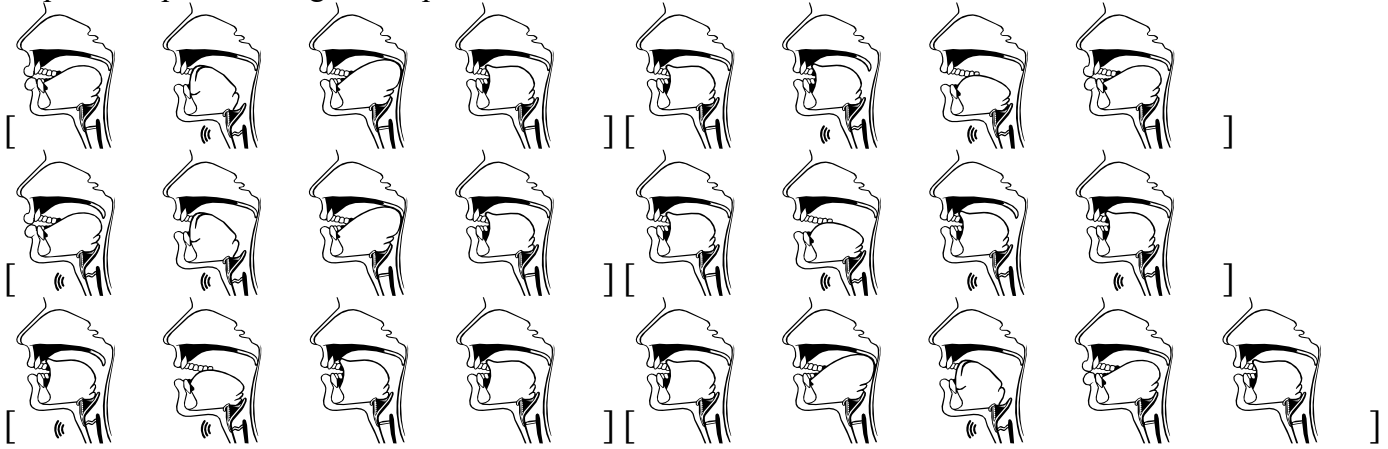


#3 spits packs sad tints Max smack

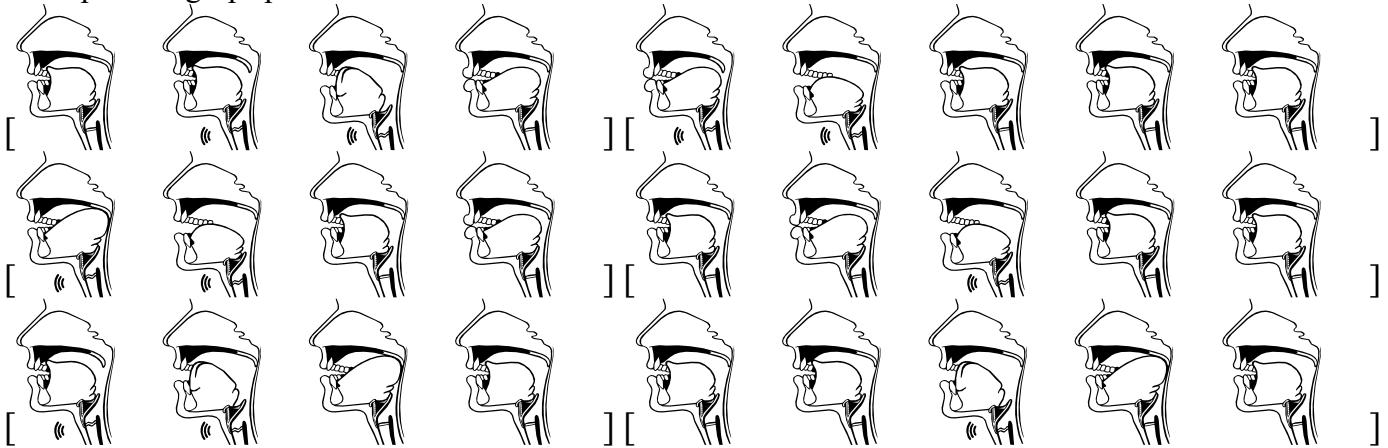


WORKSHEET #2: *s* and *x*

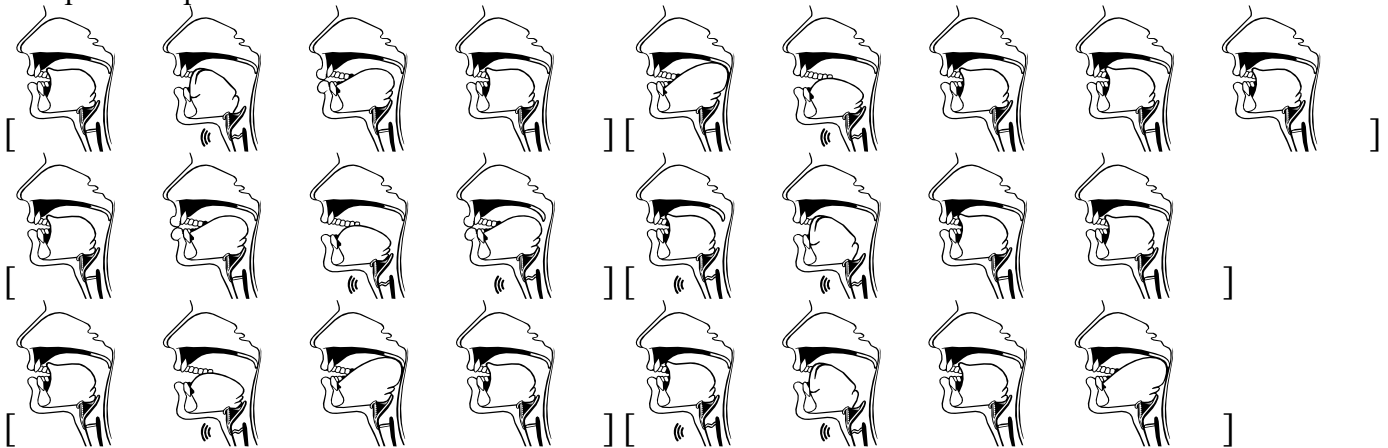
#4 picks snap mix sand gnats skips



#5 snip masts gasp spats nix sticks

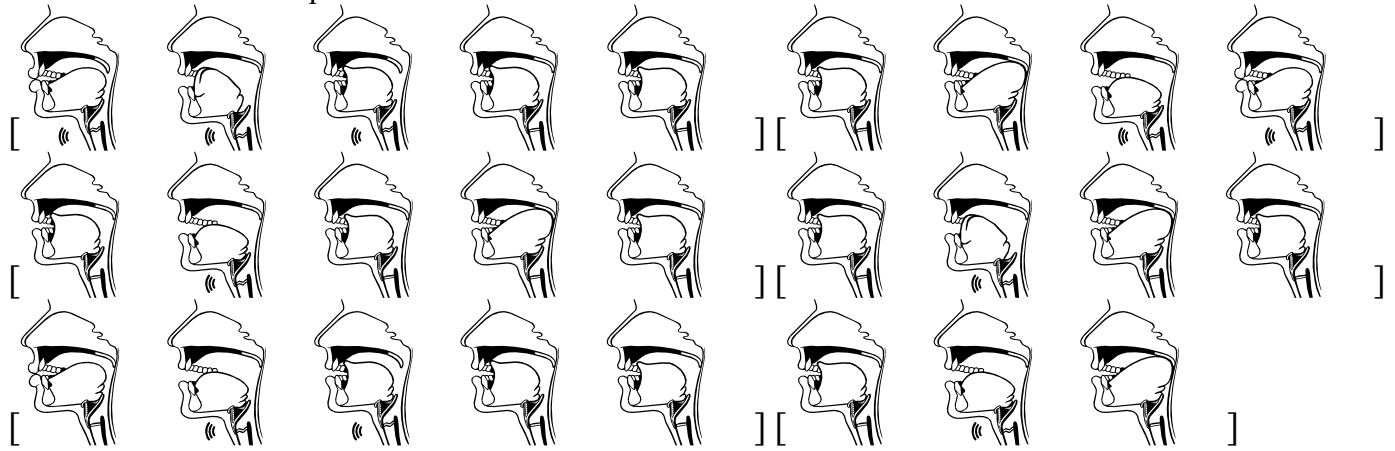


#6 sips casts spam knits sax disk

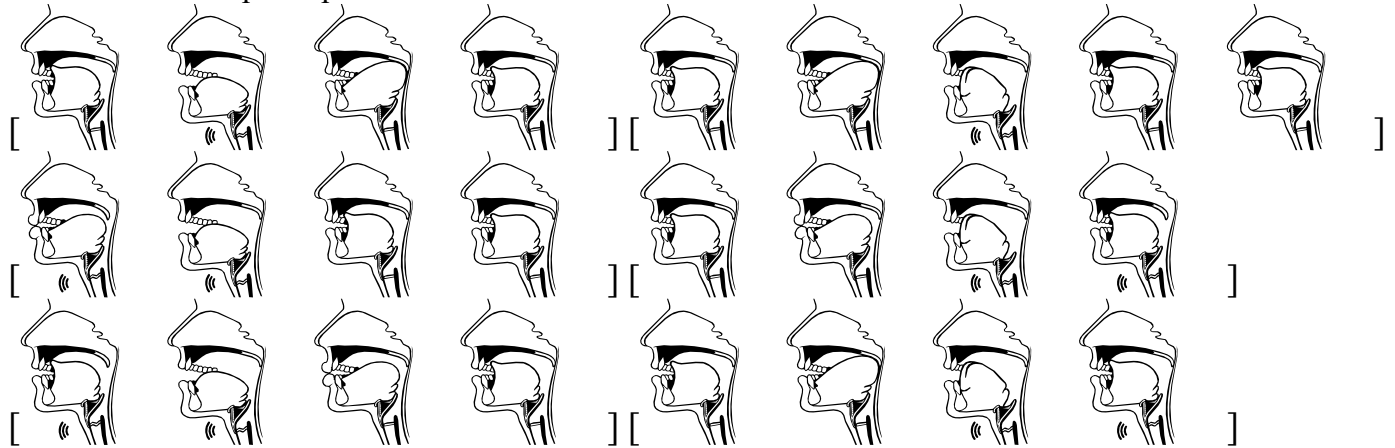


WORKSHEET #2: *s* and *x*

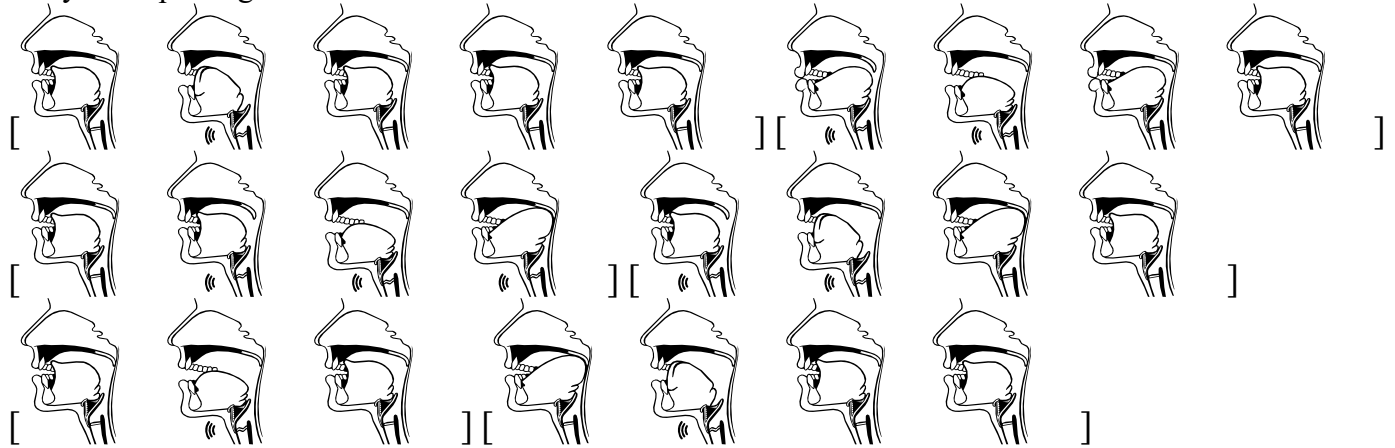
#7 mints scab tasks six pants sack



#8 tax skits mats spin naps skid

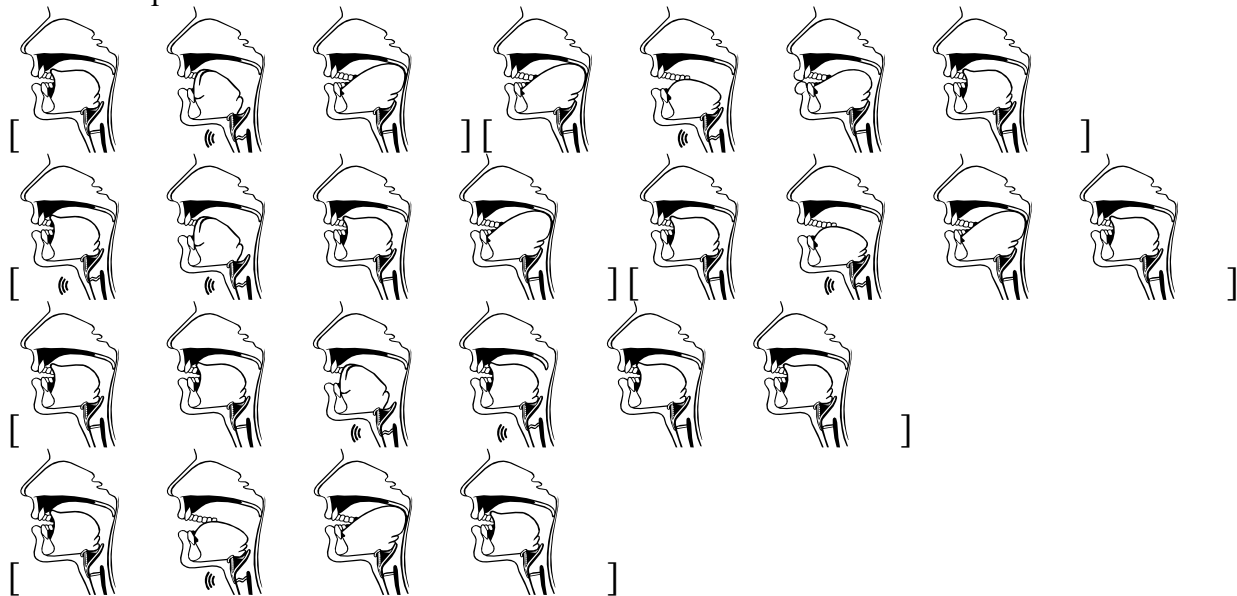


#9 cysts maps snag nix sat kits

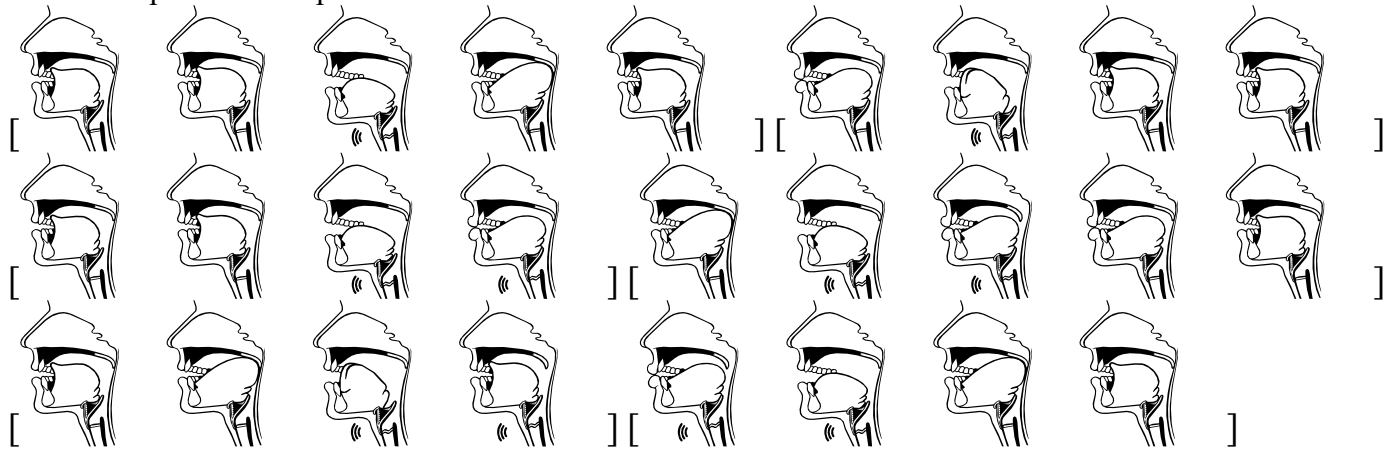


WORKSHEET #2: s and x

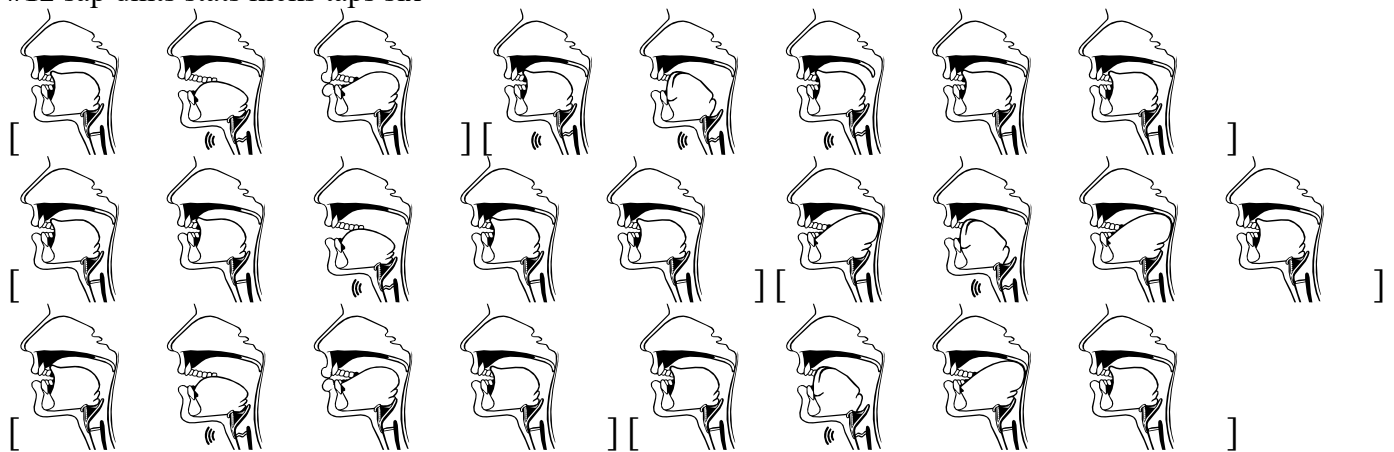
#10 sick caps disc sax stints tacks



#11 stacks pits stab camps skin Max



#12 sap dints stats kicks taps six



ANSWER KEY

Unit 1

Group Exercise

can [kan]

big [bIɟ]

pan [pan]

did [dId]

back [bak]

tap [tap]

#1

dip [dIp]

nap [nap]

tag [tag]

mitt [mIt]

cat [kat]

bad [bad]

#4

Dan [dan]

mint [mInt]

pact [pakt]

tip [tIp]

nab [nab]

gap [gap]

#7

damp [damp]

pick [pIk]

tan [tan]

bag [bag]

cab [kab]

Pip [pIp]

#10

knit [nIt]

Mac [mak]

dig [dIɟ]

mad [mad]

pin [pIn]

tab [tab]

#2

pig [pIɟ]

band [band]

mid [mId]

camp [kamp]

Tim [tIm]

knack [nak]

#5

map [map]

Gib [gIb]

bat [bat]

tack [tak]

dim [dIm]

pant [pant]

#8

nag [nag]

tint [tInt]

dam [dam]

bid [bId]

Mack [mak]

pit [pIt]

#11

pad [pad]

Kip [kIp]

dab [dab]

tin [tIn]

cap [kap]

gig [gIɟ]

#3

ban [ban]

tick [tIk]

Pam [pam]

kit [kIt]

cad [kad]

mig [mIɟ]

#6

mat [mat]

Nick [nIk]

gag [gag]

nip [nIp]

tad [tad]

bin [bIn]

#9

Matt [mat]

tact [takt]

kid [kId]

gab [gab]

pack [pak]

bit [bIt]

#12

gnat [nat]

mag [mag]

kick [kIk]

dad [dad]

bib [bIb]

Pat [pat]

Unit 2

Group Exercise

stand	[stand]
tips	[tIps]
sacks	[saks]
mists	[mIsts]
past	[past]
six	[sIks]

#1

masks	[masks]
stamps	[stamps]
gas	[gas]
skim	[skIm]
tax	[taks]
sits	[sIts]

#4

picks	[pIks]
snap	[snap]
mix	[mIks]
sand	[sand]
gnats	[nats]
skips	[skIps]

#7

mints	[mInts]
scab	[skab]
tasks	[tasks]
six	[sIks]
pants	[pants]
sack	[sak]

#10

sick	[sIk]
caps	[kaps]
disc	[dIsk]
sax	[saks]
stints	[stInts]
tacks	[taks]

#2

cats	[kats]
snacks	[snaks]
bass	[bas]
skimp	[skImp]
pats	[pats]
mix	[mIks]

#5

snip	[snIp]
masts	[masts]
gasp	[gasp]
spats	[spats]
nix	[nIks]
sticks	[stIks]

#8

tax	[taks]
skits	[skIts]
mats	[mats]
spin	[spIn]
naps	[naps]
skid	[skId]

#11

stacks	[staks]
pits	[pIts]
stab	[stab]
camp	[kamps]
skin	[skIn]
Max	[maks]

#3

spits	[spIts]
packs	[paks]
sad	[sad]
tints	[tInts]
Max	[maks]
smack	[smak]

#6

sips	[sIps]
casts	[kasts]
spam	[spam]
knits	[nIts]
sax	[saks]
disk	[dIsk]

#9

cysts	[sIsts]
maps	[maps]
snag	[snag]
nix	[nIks]
sat	[sat]
kits	[kIts]

#12

sap	[sap]
dints	[dInts]
stats	[stats]
kicks	[kIks]
taps	[taps]
six	[sIks]

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